Applicant: Orbanes et al. Attorney's Docket No.: 15578-014001

Serial No.: 09/783,715
Filed: February 14, 2001

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REMARKS

Substance of Interview

Applicants thank the Examiner and her supervisor for the in-office interview held on February 10, 2004. The participants included Mylihn Tran and Kristine Kincaid of the USPTO and the applicants and applicant's representatives, David Miranda, Frank Occhiuti, Julian Orbanes, and Max Riesenhuber. To ensure a complete and proper recordation of the substance of the interview on, the following remarks are submitted in accordance with MPEP § 713.04.

- A) Demonstrations were conducted showing a product that contains some embodiments of the inventions. Cell phones and PDA's were used to show the power of the interface and how it differed from Strasnick.
 - B) Claim 1 was primarily discussed.
 - C) Strasnick et al. (USPN 5,671,381).
- D) There were no principle proposed amendments. Applicants pointed out differences from Strasnick and the Examiners pointed out whether or not such differences were included in the broadest claims.
- E) The general thrust of the arguments was that the prior art of record failed to demonstrate applicant's claimed process that locates objects in a true three-dimensioned space.
- F) See the Interview Summary Form completed by the Examiner re other cases also discussed.
 - G) No agreement was reached.
 - H) Not applicable to an in-office interview.

Specification-

Applicants have amended the abstract as suggested.

Double Patenting-

Applicants shall file a disclaimer should patentable subject matter be identified.

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Claim Rejections-

The examiner rejected claims 1-20 under 35 U.S.C. § 102 as being anticipated by U.S. Patent No. 5,671,3871 to Strasnick et al. ("Strasnick"). Strasnick does not anticipate each and every claim limitation of applicant's invention. Currently amended claim 1 recites defining said virtual space to include a first dimension, a second dimension, and a third dimension, said first dimension corresponding to a plurality of planes within said virtual space at which one of said data objects can be located and said second and said third dimensions corresponding to a position of said one of said data objects within a plane, said planes being located along said first dimension according to said hierarchical relationship.

In contrast to the applicants' invention, Strasnick does not locate data objects on different planes. In Strasnick, the "ground plane 140 within the information landscape represents a common surface plane upon which the cells 120 and connectors 130 are presented. The sky 150 represents a back plane within the informational landscape upon which additional attributes can be projected." [Strasnick, col. 5, lines 16-24 (emphasis added)] The third dimension in Strasnick is used to enable a comparative measurement of an attribute. For example, Strasnick states that the "height of the column 110 and pedestal 120 is proportional to the file and directory size, respectively." [Strasnick, col. 6, lines 48-50 (emphasis added)] This however, is not locating different data objects associated with different hierarchical plates on different planes as required by the applicants' claimed invention. For at least these reasons, claims 1, and 15, and all of their dependent claims distinguishes from Strasnick.

The examiner rejected claims 2-5, 10-11, 14, and 16-19 under 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) as being unpatentable over Strasnick in view of Astiz et al., U.S. Patent number 6,035,330. As described above, Strasnick does not teach or suggest defining said virtual space to include a first dimension, a second dimension, and a third dimension, said first dimension corresponding to a plurality of planes within said virtual space at which one of said data objects can be located and said second and said third dimensions corresponding to a position of said one of said data objects

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within a plane, said planes being located along said first dimension according to said hierarchical relationship. Astiz also fails to teach or suggest this limitation. Astiz discloses an Internet navigational mapping system. [see Abstract] Astiz states that an object of the invention is to provide a three-dimensional graphical representation of the structure of one or more web sites. [see col. 5, lines 1-4] Astiz fails, however, to enable this objective. Moreover, Astiz fails to teach or even suggest defining said virtual space to include a first dimension, a second dimension, and a third dimension, said first dimension corresponding to a plurality of planes within said virtual space at which one of said data objects can be located and said second and said third dimensions corresponding to a position of said one of said data objects within a plane, said planes being located along said first dimension according to said hierarchical relationship as required in the claim. Because neither Strasnick nor Astiz, alone or in combination, teach or suggest this limitation, claims 1, and 15, and all of their dependent claims distinguishes from Strasnick and Astiz.

The applicant asks that all claims be allowed.

Enclosed is a \$475 check for the Petition for Extension of Time fee. Please apply any other charges or credits to deposit account 06-1050.

Date: 5 7 04

Respectfully submitted,

David Miranda

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